with the duty of finding accommodation for war workers and their families in areas where the need for government action was apparent. Where possible, the Company obtained lands from the municipality, always with a view to getting improved property. Where a property was improved, it was borrowed for the duration of the War; where it was not improved, new townsites had to be constructed. In this way, entire new communities were set up by the Company to accommodate plants located in remote areas. Up to May 31, 1944, Wartime Housing Limited had either erected or had under construction the following buildings in connection with war workers:—

17,344 Houses
69 Staff houses
15 Bunk houses
3 Men's centres
10 Women's centres
19 Dining halls
30 Schools
2 Manning pools
7 Administration buildings
1 Marine school

1 Port control building
20 Community halls
2 Chinese living quarters
1 Building for coloured people
2 Hospitals
1 General store
1 Help's quarters
1 Hiring hall
1 Wood camp
4 Waterworks buildings

The housing situation on May 1, 1944, had become very acute in a number of municipalities. While the situation affected the general population, it was found that the families of men in the Armed Services were under a handicap in securing proper housing accommodation because the head of the family was, in a large number of instances, overseas. It was therefore decided that, where a municipality could show a definite need for housing, the Government would proceed with the construction of houses for the families of persons in the Armed Services. Under this plan, up to Sept. 30, 1944, Wartime Housing Limited had built or was building the following:—

Brantford	100 h	ouses	Saint John	50	houses
Hamilton	200	"	Sarnia	50	44
Hull		"	Toronto1		46
London		"	Vancouver1	100	"
Oshawa	75	44	Windsor 2	250	46

2.—Construction Contracts (Commitments) Awarded for War Purposes Through the Department of Munitions and Supply, 1940-44

Note.—In addition to the totals shown, orders have been placed by the Department of Transport for defence construction work on account of the U.S. Forces and other agencies. The Department of National Defence had incurred expenditures for war projects not included above, largely where Service labour has been used. In addition, substantial construction work has been undertaken by private companies, notably the Aluminum Company of Canada Ltd.

Item	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944
Air Force Projects— Contracts	630 69,945	898 72,684	1,012 82,935	738 49,138	302 11,532
Army Projects— Contracts	98 14,250	220 13,946	496 53,125	212 22,975	166 8,969
Naval Projects— Contracts	28 960	90 10, 909	225 36, 430	230 24,183	19 4 10, 379
Housing Projects ¹ \$'000		33,601	32,044	7,954	5,071
Totals	85,155	131,140	204,534	104,250	35,951
Contracts awarded by the Dept. of Transport for Airfield Construc- tion\$'000	17,100	29,400	53,600	44,200	26,200
Grand Totals \$'000	102,255	160,540	258,134	148,450	62,151

Awarded by Wartime Housing Limited.